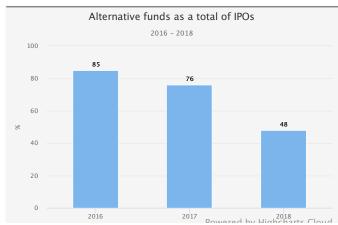
Class of 2018...

After a flood of new investment trust launches in 2018, we examine their progress so far...

Last year set new records for the investment trust sector, with launches from Baillie Gifford, Fundsmith and Mobius Capital Partners amongst others adding to assets which reached a record of £189bn by the autumn. We look at the new funds which came to market and examine the progress of the most interesting so far...

2018 was a notable year for investment companies. Over the year, we saw 19 new investment companies launch, raising close to £3bn. This was the third-highest amount raised since AIC records began and represents an increase of around £500m from 2017. By September, organic growth, as well as primary and secondary issuance meant that investment trust assets reached an all-time high of £189bn (double 2013 levels), showing a rate of growth considerably greater than that of the open-ended industry. This increase has been assisted by multiple large IPOs, including the largest UK investment company launch ever, Smithson Investment Trust, which raised £823 million.

Fig.1: Alternative Funds Raised As A Total Of Ipo Assets Raised



Source: AIC and Numis

As we mentioned in our previous article, the majority of fundraising activity historically has been in alternative asset classes, but 2018 saw a shift towards a real mix in the type of alternative being launched. For example, we have seen launches in renewable energy (Gore Street Energy Storage), song royalties (Hipgnosis Songs) and big box logistics (Tritax Eurobox). However, the trend of seeing more alternatives than

equities seems to have reversed, and as can be seen below alternatives represented a considerably reduced 48% of IPOS (according to our assessment, and excluding Trian Investors 1).

Alongside £882m Smithson, which clearly dominates new issuance statistics this year, there have been other decent-sized launches in the equity sphere, including Baillie Gifford US Growth (£173m), Mobius Investment Trust (£100m) and AVI Japan Opportunity (£80m). In particular, Q3 stood out with six IPOs raising close to £1,020m. As shown below, this sits firmly in the top five quarters for fundraising in the last six years.

In the chart below, one can see the 18 new investment companies that launched over the year, their AIC sector, and also their assets (£m). We have summarised the six equity or growth mandated launches, reviewing their investment theses and performance since launch.

Update

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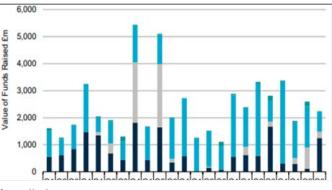
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MONTH LAUNCHED	COMPANY NAME	AIC SECTOR	ASSETS (£M)
Feb	Marble Point Loan Financing	Sector Specialist: Debt	148
Mar	Augmentum Fintech	Sector Specialist: Tech, Media & Telecomm	94
Mar	Baillie Gifford US Growth	North America	173
Mar	JPMorgan Multi-Asset	Flexible Investment	93
Mar	Life Settlement Assets	Sector Specialist: Insurance & Reinsurance Strategies	134
May	Gore Street Energy Storage	Sector Specialist: Infrastructure - Renewable Energy	31
May	Odyssean	UK Smaller Companies	87
Jul	Ashoka India Equity	Country Specialists: Asia Pacific	46
Jul	Hipgnosis Songs	Sector Specialist: Tech Media & Telecoms	202
Jul	Tritax Eurobox	Property Direct - Europe	300
Oct	AVI Japan Opportunity	Japanese Smaller Companies	80
Oct	Ceiba Investments	Property Specialist	30
Oct	Mobius	Global Emerging Markets	100
Oct	Smithson	Global Smaller Companies	823
Nov	Gresham House Energy Storage	Sector Specialist: Infrastructure - Renewable Energy	100
Nov	M&G Credit Income	Sector Specialist: Debt	100
Nov	Merian Chrysalis	Private Equity	100
Dec	SDCL Energy	Sector Specialist:	100

Source: AIC

Fig.2: Issuance By Quarter



Source: Numis

Odyssean Investment Trust

Odyssean Investment Trust (OIT) seeks to deliver attractive returns through investing in high quality businesses and supporting their growth over time. Odyssean is the new vehicle for Stuart Widdowson, who previously managed Strategic Equity Capital. Constructive corporate engagement with the underlying companies is a unique selling point of the trust, and the team is keen to draw on its long track record and experience in public and private equity. The fundamental and research-driven approach is built upon three pillars; value, quality and engagement, which they believe will help to deliver long-term outperformance.

The portfolio is comprised of UK smaller companies, typically those that are too small to be included in the FTSE 250. The managers utilise an extremely concentrated approach and within the mandate a maximum of only 25 constituents is permitted. Up until the end of Q3, nine investments had been made, largely within the TMT (13.5%), industrials (12.5%) and business services (9.4%) sectors. Currently, 54.5% of the cash is still waiting to be deployed.

Since launch, the trust has failed to deliver positive NAV returns (-3.7%); however, considering the performance of smaller companies in the UK, the trust has performed admirably. As an example, the FTSE Small Cap has lost c.-12% over the same period. With this in mind, there is little surprise the trust has consistently traded at a premium since launch, and is currently trading at 4.5%, relative to its seven-month average of 5.4%.

Ashoka India Equity

Ashoka India Equity (AIE) aims to achieve long-term capital appreciation, mainly through investing in listed and unlisted securities with a significant presence in India. The

manager believes that many of these companies are underresearched and as such allows the team to utilise their expertise and generate alpha. Currently, the team believes that India offers a 'multi-generational opportunity' because of the strong growth potential and attractive demographics that the country offers. Additionally, the country continues to show rising domestic consumption. Interestingly, the trust has chosen to follow Woodford Patient Capital Trust and Auora in not levying an annual management fee. Instead, Ashoka will charge a performance fee paid in shares if it successfully grows its net asset value (NAV) faster than the MSCI India IMI index.

Since launching last July, the trust has failed to generate positive returns (-2%) and trailed the MSCI India IMI by 4.7%. Much of the underperformance relative to the benchmark (since the IPO) is due to cash being invested in the weeks following the IPO during which time the benchmark moved significantly. As with many new launches, the trust launched on a premium, which in September reached highs of c.10%. Since then, the trust has slipped to a discount, and is currently trading at -5.5%.

AVI Japan Opportunity

AVI Japan Opportunity Trust (AJOT) aims to deliver capital growth through investing in a focused portfolio of overcapitalised small-cap Japanese equities. The trust is run by Asset Value Investors (AVI) and managed by Joe Bauernfreund, who also manages sister trust British Empire. The team is hoping to utilise decades of experience to engage with company management and help to unlock value in this under-researched area of the market. The portfolio will typically be comprised of 20-30 smaller and medium-sized companies that the manager deems to be undervalued and are cash-rich. Currently the trust has 29 holdings, and still holds 28.6% of NAV in cash.

To identify opportunities, AVI looks at the liquidity and net financial value of companies (as a percentage of market cap) to narrow down the broad universe of 3,475 non-financial Japanese companies. From there, AVI conducts detailed in-house research on each companies' business and earnings power, as well as the potential for changes to corporate governance.

Since launching at the end of October, the trust has outperformed the MSCI Japan Small Cap (-6.1%) but failed to produce positive returns (-3%). The trust has continued to trade at a premium, and is currently trading at 5% to NAV. The trust also has a four-year liquidity option, which gives an 'out' for investors if the strategy works either too well or too poorly, and should control the discount/premium in the meantime.

Mobius Investment Trust

Mobius Investment Trust (MMIT) is managed by Mobius Capital Partners, an investment manager launched in May 2018 by Mark Mobius, Carlos Hardenberg and Greg Konieczny. They launched the trust with the aim of changing the way investing in emerging and frontier markets is approached. They believe that through actively partnering with portfolio companies they are able to unlock significant value, in particular when investing in small- to medium-sized companies. They see the closed-ended structure as the perfect vehicle for this type of strategy, as it allows access to less liquid stocks and markets with greater inherent inefficiencies and therefore greater potential upside. MMIT will typically hold between 20 and 30 companies, but is currently still in the process of deploying its IPO proceeds and is actively engaging with both portfolio and target companies. As of 7 December 2018, 40.1% of the trust's capital had been invested across 10 companies, and the largest exposures were to Poland (7.5%), China (6.9%), Brazil (4.7%), South Korea (4.6%), and Turkey (4.3%).

In terms of performance, the trust has fared well in a particularly tough environment for emerging markets. Since the launch in October 2018, the trust has returned -0.3%, almost 3% greater than the MSCI Emerging Markets. The pessimism towards the outlook for emerging markets has been reflected in the discount, and after launching at a 3% premium, the trust is now trading on a discount of close to -5%.

Smithson Investment Trust

Smithson Investment Trust made waves in 2018 with a record breaking launch in October, raising £822m. Clearly, the pull of the Fundsmith name is very strong and this goes to show the impact a 'star fund manager' can have on attracting investors.

The trust is managed by Simon Barnard, with assistance also from Will Morgan, both of whom joined the company from Goldman Sachs in 2017. However, Smith is expected to "offer support and advice" to the manager, and the trust will follow his strategy of buying good companies, not paying over the odds, and holding for long periods. We anticipate a low stock turnover.

The company's investment policy is to invest in shares issued by small and mid-sized companies, with a market capitalisation of between £500m and £15bn (although the company expects that the average will be approximately £7bn) on a long-term, global basis. They see this type of company as a good source of long-term growth for investors who are willing to ride out the volatility of the

asset class. The global scope of the fund gives the fund managers a wide universe of stocks to choose from, which is whittled down through screening and fundamental analysis to deliver a concentrated portfolio of high conviction investments. It is widely expected that the trust will perform similarly to its bigger open-ended relative, although this will come with greater risk and volatility due to the investment style.

From launch to the end of November, the trust had initiated positions in 29 companies and invested 97.4% of the net proceeds of the fund raising. The largest geographical allocations are to the USA (52.5%), UK (18.2%) and Denmark (6.8%).

The trustlaunched during an extremely tricky period, and as such was -5.8% down over the two-month period. In comparison, the MSCI World Small Cap has returned -7.5%. Despite this volatility, the trust has been trading at a premium throughout its lifespan, and after reaching a high of c.10.5%, has settled down to a premium of 3.8% at the time of writing.

Merian Chrysalis

Merian Chrysalis aims to generate long-term capital growth through investing in a portfolio of unquoted companies. The managers look to identify unlisted companies in the UK which are trading at attractive valuations, in particular when compared to similar listed firms. Often these companies are fast-growing and technology enabled businesses that are difficult for the everyday investor to access. These companies will be at the later stage of private ownership and beginning to think about stock market flotation. As we have discussed previously, businesses are staying private for longer, and the team believes that private markets offer attractive opportunities, not least because there is typically higher growth before a company lists on the stock market.

The managers are strict on only investing in business that already have an established and proven business model, and the managers are not looking to invest in speculative 'concept' businesses, nor any resources or biotech firms. Overall, the trust is expected to hold between seven and 15 securities, though it is expected to be six to nine months before this happens. The company has deployed almost 60% of the net proceeds of the issue after announcing to invest \$25 million in Graphcore Limited earlier in December.

Since launching, the trust has consistently traded around a 5% premium.

Bright young things (redux)...

We examined a number of new launches in May last year in our article "Bright Young Things" published in May 2018. Overall, the majority of those launched in the first half of the year have performed well, however all but one are now trading on discounts.

Since launching at the end of March, <u>Bailie Gifford US</u>
<u>Growth</u> has been the standout performer. Delivering an exceptional cumulative return of 16.12% (since inception), the trust has benefited from its unashamed growth mandate and the extensive bull run we have seen in the US, in particular in the tech sector. As one might expect, this has not come without its ups and downs, and over its lifetime the trust has had an NAV standard deviation of c.30%. Accompanying this we have seen volatility in the premium of the trust and over the past nine months USA has traded between -1.5% and +8.9%. Currently the trust is trading at a +3.6%.

Gabelli Merger Plus, the only 'alternative' fund in our shortlist, has delivered the second greatest returns since launch. Although over 18 months (the trust launched in July 2017) a cumulative return of 10.05% doesn't sound particularly notable, it is exceptionally impressive relative to the Morningstar IT Hedge fund peer group which has only returned 0.5%. The first half of 2018 was particularly striking in assisting this, as we saw a record setting six months for global merger activity. With this said, similar to Baillie Gifford US Growth, the trust has not been able to deliver these returns without relatively high levels of standard deviation (11.11%). After spending most of its first year on a premium, even reaching highs close to 10%, the trust has since slipped to a significant discount. June to August was a particularly torrid time, and we saw the trust slip from a premium of 3% to a discount of over 18%. In December, the trust was trading at a discount of -12.3%.

Augmentum Fintech was launched in mid-March and has so far delivered annualised returns of around 5%. Given the recent fall off in sentiment towards technology companies, it remains to be seen whether continue delivering returns on this level; which put it among the top ten new launches over two years. Over 2018, the team have been deploying capital, and have invested in five more businesses (taking the tally to 11) and representing just over 50% of the launch NAV. An interesting point for the trust is their positivity with Brexit around the corner; they believe that the young and dynamic fintech businesses they invest in are often better placed to respond to these new challenges than the incumbents that they are looking to disrupt. Like Gabelli Merger Plus, Augmentum has spent the majority of its life on a premium before falling to a

discount in recent times. Over the year the trust has ranged between c.6% and c.-10% and at the time of writing was trading on a discount of -6%.

JPMorgan Multi-Asset (MATE) and ScotGems (SGEM)

are the final trusts in our roundup. They have delivered 1.85% and -4.36% respectively. For MATE, 2018 has been a tough environment and the uncertainty surrounding the global markets due to politics have negatively impacted investor sentiment towards the trust. More recently, the main detractors to performance have been their developed market equity allocations and fixed income allocations, as they have witnesses a decline in government bonds and market debt. MATE has spent the majority of its life trading on a discount of c.-3% and -c.8% and is currently trading at a discount of -4.7%. Similarly, the managers at SGEM look to the political and economic uncertainty for the poor performance and stock market turbulence. However, they recognise these conditions can benefit their opportunistic approach, and hope that the current turbulence will throw up opportunities to invest in high quality companies at more reasonable valuations. Indeed, the market turbulence may be playing into their hands given that, as at the end of September, they remained around only c.60% invested. After trading at a premium of around 2%, the trust has slipped to a discount. In November the trust reached lows of -12%, but recovered to close to -1% in December.

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